2010 AZ English	English Language Proficien	ncy Standards
Language Arts Standards	(ELPS)	
(ELA)		
Reading - Stage IV		
Standard 1: The student will demonstrate understanding of print concepts of		rint concepts of
	e English language.	
7.RL.1 (Literature)		
Cite several pieces of textual		
evidence to support analysis of		
what the text says explicitly as		
well as inferences drawn from		
the text. (Essential)		
7.RI.1 (Informational Text)		
Cite several pieces of textual		
evidence to support analysis of		
what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from		
the text. (Essential) 7.RL.2 (Literature)		
Determine a theme or central		
idea of a text and analyze its		
development over the course of		
the text; provide an objective		
summary of the text.		
(Essential)		
7.RI.2 (Informational Text)		
Determine two or more central		
ideas in a text and analyze their		
development over the course of		
the text; provide an objective		
summary of the text.		
(Essential)		
7.RL.3 (Literature)		
Analyze how particular		
elements of a story or drama interact (e.g., how setting		
shapes the characters or		
plot). (Essential)		
7.RI.3 (Informational Text)		
Analyze the interactions		
between individuals, events,		
and ideas in a text (e.g., how		
ideas influence individuals or		
events, or how individuals		
influence ideas or events).		

(Essential)	
7.RL.4 (Literature)	
Determine the meaning of	
words and phrases as they	
are used in a text, including	
figurative and connotative	
meanings; analyze the impact	
of rhymes and other repetitions	
of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on	
a specific verse or stanza of a	
poem or section of a	
story or drama. (Essential)	
7.RI.4 (Informational Text)	
Determine the meaning of	
words and phrases as they	
are used in a text, including	
figurative, connotative, and	
technical meanings; analyze the	
impact of a specific word choice	
on meaning and tone.	
(Essential)	
,	
7.RL.5 (Literature)	
Analyze how a drama or poem's	
form or structure (e.g.,	
soliloquy, sonnet) contributes	
to its meaning. (Essential)	
7.RI.5 (Informational Text)	
Analyze the structure an author	
uses to organize a text,	
including how the major	
sections contribute to the	
whole and to the development	
of the ideas. (Essential)	
7.RL.6 (Literature)	
Analyze how an author	
develops and contrasts the	
points of view of different	
characters or narrators in a	
text. (Essential)	
7.RI.6 (Informational Text)	
Determine an author's point of	
view or purpose in a text and	
analyze how the author	
distinguishes his or her	

and the control of th	
position from that of others.	
(Essential)	
7.RL.7 (Literature)	
Compare and contrast a written	
story, drama, or poem to its	
audio, filmed, staged, or	
multimedia version, analyzing	
the effects of techniques unique	
to each medium (e.g., lighting,	
sound, color, or camera focus	
and angles in a film).	
(Essential)	
7.RI.7 (Informational Text)	
Compare and contrast a text to	
an audio, video, or multimedia	
version of the text, analyzing	
each medium's portrayal of the	
subject (e.g., how the delivery	
of a speech affects the impact of	
the words). (Essential)	
7.RL.8 (Literature)	
(Not applicable to literature)	
7.RI.8 (Informational Text)	
Trace and evaluate the	
argument and specific claims	
in a text, assessing whether the	
reasoning is sound and the	
evidence is relevant and	
sufficient to support the claims.	
(Essential)	
7.RL.9 (Literature)	
Compare and contrast a	
fictional portrayal of a time,	
place, or character and a historical account of the same	
period as a means of	
understanding how authors of	
fiction use or alter history. (Essential)	
7.RI.9 (Informational Text) Analyze how two or more	
authors writing about the same	
topic shape their presentations	
of key information by	
emphasizing different evidence	
emphasizing unterent evidence	

or advancing different	
interpretations of facts.	
(Essential)	
7.RL.10 (Literature)	
By the end of the year, read and	
comprehend literature,	
including stories, dramas, and	
poems, in the grades 6-8 text	
complexity band proficiently,	
with scaffolding as needed at	
the high end of the range.	
7.RI.10 (Informational Text)	
By the end of the year, read and	
comprehend literary nonfiction	
in the grades 6-8 text	
complexity band proficiently,	
with scaffolding as needed at	
the high end of the range.	

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2010 AZ English	English Language Proficiency Standards
Language Arts Standards	(ELPS)
(ELA)	
Reading - Stage IV	
Standard 2: The student will i	dentify and manipulate the sounds of the English
language and decode words,	, using knowledge of phonics, syllabication, and
	word parts.
7.RL.1 (Literature)	
Cite several pieces of textual	
evidence to support analysis of	
what the text says explicitly as	
well as inferences drawn from	
the text. (Essential)	
7.RI.1 (Informational Text)	
Cite several pieces of textual	
evidence to support analysis of	
what the text says explicitly as	
well as inferences drawn from	
the text. (Essential)	
7.RL.2 (Literature)	
Determine a theme or central	
idea of a text and analyze its	
development over the course of	
the text; provide an objective	
summary of the text.	
(Essential)	
7.RI.2 (Informational Text)	
Determine two or more central	
ideas in a text and analyze their	
development over the course of	
the text; provide an objective	
summary of the text.	
(Essential)	
7.RL.3 (Literature)	
Analyze how particular	
elements of a story or drama	
interact (e.g., how setting	
shapes the characters or	
plot). (Essential)	

7.RI.3 (Informational Text)	
Analyze the interactions	
between individuals, events,	
and ideas in a text (e.g., how	
ideas influence individuals or	
events, or how individuals	
influence ideas or events).	
(Essential)	
7.RL.4 (Literature)	
Determine the meaning of	
words and phrases as they	
are used in a text, including	
figurative and connotative	
meanings; analyze the impact	
of rhymes and other repetitions	
of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on	
a specific verse or stanza of a	
poem or section of a	
story or drama. (Essential)	
7.RI.4 (Informational Text)	
Determine the meaning of	
words and phrases as they	
are used in a text, including	
figurative, connotative, and	
technical meanings; analyze the	
impact of a specific word choice	
on meaning and tone.	
(Essential)	
7.RL.5 (Literature)	
Analyze how a drama or poem's	
form or structure (e.g.,	
soliloquy, sonnet) contributes	
to its meaning. (Essential)	
7.RI.5 (Informational Text)	
Analyze the structure an author	
uses to organize a text,	
including how the major	
sections contribute to the	
whole and to the development	
of the ideas. (Essential)	
7.RL.6 (Literature)	
Analyze how an author	
develops and contrasts the	
points of view of different	
characters or narrators in a	

text. (Essential)	
7.RI.6 (Informational Text)	
Determine an author's point of	
view or purpose in a text and	
analyze how the author	
distinguishes his or her	
position from that of others.	
(Essential)	
7.RL.7 (Literature)	
Compare and contrast a written	
story, drama, or poem to its	
audio, filmed, staged, or multimedia version, analyzing	
the effects of techniques unique	
to each medium (e.g., lighting,	
sound, color, or camera focus	
and angles in a film).	
(Essential)	
7.RI.7 (Informational Text)	
Compare and contrast a text to	
an audio, video, or multimedia	
version of the text, analyzing	
each medium's portrayal of the	
subject (e.g., how the delivery	
of a speech affects the impact of	
the words). (Essential)	
7.RL.8 (Literature) (Not applicable to literature)	
(Not applicable to literature)	
7.RI.8 (Informational Text)	
Trace and evaluate the	
argument and specific claims	
in a text, assessing whether the	
reasoning is sound and the	
evidence is relevant and	
sufficient to support the claims.	
(Essential)	
7.RL.9 (Literature)	
Compare and contrast a	
fictional portrayal of a time,	
place, or character and a	
historical account of the same	

period as a means of	
understanding how authors of	
fiction use or alter history.	
(Essential)	
7.RI.9 (Informational Text)	
Analyze how two or more	
authors writing about the same	
topic shape their presentations	
of key information by	
emphasizing different evidence	
or advancing different	
interpretations of facts.	
(Essential)	
7.RL.10 (Literature)	
By the end of the year, read and	
comprehend literature,	
including stories, dramas, and	
poems, in the grades 6-8 text	
complexity band proficiently,	
with scaffolding as needed at	
the high end of the range.	
7.RI.10 (Informational Text)	
By the end of the year, read and	
comprehend literary nonfiction	
in the grades 6-8 text	
complexity band proficiently,	
with scaffolding as needed at	
the high end of the range.	

2010 AZ English Language Arts Standards	English Language Proficiency Standards (ELPS)	
(ELA)		
Reading - Stage IV		
Standard 3: The stud	ent will read with fluency and	accuracy.
7.RL.1 (Literature)		
Cite several pieces of textual		
evidence to support analysis of		
what the text says explicitly as		
well as inferences drawn from		
the text. (Essential)		
7.RI.1 (Informational Text)		
Cite several pieces of textual		
evidence to support analysis of		
what the text says explicitly as		
well as inferences drawn from		

the text. (Essential)	
and tente (2000ment)	
7.RL.2 (Literature)	
Determine a theme or central	
idea of a text and analyze its	
development over the course of	
the text; provide an objective	
summary of the text.	
(Essential)	
7.RI.2 (Informational Text)	
Determine two or more central	
ideas in a text and analyze their	
development over the course of	
the text; provide an objective	
summary of the text.	
(Essential)	
7.RL.3 (Literature)	
Analyze how particular	
elements of a story or drama	
interact (e.g., how setting	
shapes the characters or	
plot). (Essential)	
7.RI.3 (Informational Text)	
Analyze the interactions	
between individuals, events,	
and ideas in a text (e.g., how	
ideas influence individuals or	
events, or how individuals	
influence ideas or events).	
(Essential)	
7.RL.4 (Literature)	
Determine the meaning of	
words and phrases as they	
are used in a text, including	
figurative and connotative	
meanings; analyze the impact	
of rhymes and other repetitions	
of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on	
a specific verse or stanza of a	
poem or section of a story or	
drama. (Essential)	

7.RI.4 (Informational Text)	
Determine the meaning of	
words and phrases as they	
are used in a text, including	
figurative, connotative, and	
technical meanings; analyze the	
impact of a specific word choice	
on meaning and tone.	
(Essential)	
7.RL.5 (Literature)	
Analyze how a drama or poem's	
form or structure (e.g.,	
soliloquy, sonnet) contributes	
to its meaning. (Essential)	
7.RI.5 (Informational Text)	
Analyze the structure an author	
uses to organize a text,	
including how the major	
sections contribute to the	
whole and to the development	
of the ideas. (Essential)	
7.RL.6 (Literature)	
Analyze how an author	
develops and contrasts the	
points of view of different	
characters or narrators in a	
text. (Essential)	
7.RI.6 (Informational Text)	
Determine an author's point of	
view or purpose in a text and	
analyze how the author	
distinguishes his or her	
position from that of others.	
(Essential)	
7.RL.7 (Literature)	
Compare and contrast a written	
story, drama, or poem to its	
audio, filmed, staged, or	
multimedia version, analyzing	
the effects of techniques unique	
to each medium (e.g., lighting,	
sound, color, or camera focus	
and angles in a film).	
(Essential)	

7.RI.7 (Informational Text)		
Compare and contrast a text to		
an audio, video, or multimedia		
version of the text, analyzing		
each medium's portrayal of the		
subject (e.g., how the delivery		
of a speech affects the impact of		
the words). (Essential)		
7.RL.8 (Literature)		
(Not applicable to literature)		
(Not applicable to interactive)		
7.RI.8 (Informational Text)		
Trace and evaluate the		
argument and specific claims		
in a text, assessing whether the		
reasoning is sound and the		
evidence is relevant and		
sufficient to support the claims.		
(Essential)		
7.RL.9 (Literature)		
Compare and contrast a		
fictional portrayal of a time,		
place, or character and a		
historical account of the same		
period as a means of		
understanding how authors of		
fiction use or alter history.		
(Essential)		
7.RI.9 (Informational Text)		
Analyze how two or more		
authors writing about the same		
topic shape their presentations		
of key information by		
emphasizing different evidence		
or advancing different		
interpretations of facts.		
_		
(Essential)	III 1, reading aloud pagagag	Eluonav
7.RL.10 (Literature)	HI-1: reading aloud passages	Fluency
By the end of the year, read and	from unfamiliar content	
comprehend literature,	area text, observing	
including stories, dramas, and	phrasing, punctuation and	
poems, in the grades 6–8 text	expression. (Only in	
complexity band proficiently,	reference to a skill area.)	
with scaffolding as needed at		
the high end of the range.		

7.RI.10 (Informational Text)	HI-1: reading aloud passages	
By the end of the year, read and	from unfamiliar content	Fluency
comprehend literary nonfiction	area text, observing	
in the grades 6-8 text	phrasing, punctuation and	
complexity band proficiently,	expression. (Only in	
with scaffolding as needed at	reference to a skill area.)	
the high end of the range.		

2010 AZ English Language Arts Standards (ELA)	English Language Proficiency Standards (ELPS)	
Reading - Stage IV		
Standard 4: The student will analyze text for expression, enjoyment, and		
response to other related content areas.		
7.RL.1 (Literature)	HI-4: answering literal,	Fiction/Non-
Cite several pieces of textual	inferential and personal	Fiction
evidence to support analysis of	response questions about	
what the text says explicitly as	text. (Only in reference to a	
well as inferences drawn from	skill area.)	
the text. (Essential)		
	HI-14: drawing conclusions	Fiction/Non-
	from information implied or	Fiction
	inferred in a literary selection.	
	(Only in reference to a skill	
	area.)	
7.RI.1 (Informational Text)	HI-4: answering literal,	Fiction/Non-
Cite several pieces of textual	inferential and personal	Fiction
evidence to support analysis of	response questions about	
what the text says explicitly as	text. (Only in reference to a	
well as inferences drawn from	skill area.)	
the text. (Essential)	***	
	HI-14: drawing conclusions	Fiction/Non-
	from information implied or	Fiction
	inferred in a literary selection.	
	(Only in reference to a skill	
	area.)	
	HI-28: interpreting	Non-Fiction
	information in functional	
	documents (e.g., memos,	
	directories, search engines,	
	manuals, recipes, graphic	
	organizers). (Only in	
	reference to a skill area.)	

	HI-30: distinguishing fact from opinion and bias in persuasive text by providing supporting evidence. (Only in reference to a skill area.)	Non-Fiction
7.RL.2 (Literature) Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text. (Essential)	HI-19: describing the plot and its components (e.g., main events, conflict, rising action, climax, falling action and resolution) in a fictional text.	Fiction
7.RI.2 (Informational Text) Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text. (Essential)		
7.RL.3 (Literature) Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot). (Essential)	HI-15: analyzing the motivations of the major and minor characters within a fictional text.	Fiction
	HI-17: analyzing the settings within a fictional text.	Fiction
	HI-18: comparing, contrasting, and describing the connections between two settings within a fictional text. (Only in reference to a skill area.)	Fiction
7.RI.3 (Informational Text) Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g., how ideas influence individuals or events, or how individuals influence ideas or events). (Essential)		

7.RL.4 (Literature) Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama. (Essential)	HI-9: locating sequential/ chronological order signal words (e.g., first, next, finally, today, now, meanwhile, not long ago) in text. (Only in reference to a skill area.)	Fiction/Non- Fiction
drama. (Essencial)	HI-10: locating signal words in text that indicate comparison/ contrast (e.g., similarly, on the other hand, however, yet, in spite of). (Only in reference to a skill area.)	Fiction/Non- Fiction
	HI-11: locating signal words in text that indicate cause and effect (e.g., as a result of, consequently, so that, because of, since). (Only in reference to a skill area.)	Fiction/Non- Fiction
7.RI.4 (Informational Text) Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone. (Essential)	HI-9: locating sequential/ chronological order signal words (e.g., first, next, finally, today, now, meanwhile, not long ago) in text.	Fiction/Non- Fiction
	HI-10: locating signal words in text that indicate comparison/ contrast (e.g., similarly, on the other hand, however, yet, in spite of).	Fiction/Non- Fiction
	HI-11: locating signal words in text that indicate cause and effect (e.g., as a result of, consequently, so that, because of, since).	Fiction/Non- Fiction

	HI-21: applying understanding of content area vocabulary within math, science and social studies texts.	Non-Fiction
7.RL.5 (Literature) Analyze how a drama or poem's form or structure (e.g., soliloquy, sonnet) contributes to its meaning. (Essential)	HI-32: identifying the types of poetry by characteristics and structural elements. (Only in reference to a skill area.)	Fiction/Non- Fiction
7.RI.5 (Informational Text) Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas. (Essential) See Stage V following.	HI-26: explaining the purpose of organizational features on a page of nonfiction text. (Only in reference to a skill area.)	Non-Fiction
See Stage v Ionowing.	LI-27: locating information from an organizational feature of a book for a specific purpose. (Only in reference to a skill area.)	Non-Fiction
Reading - Stage V (7.RI.5 only)		
7.RI.5 (Informational Text) Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas. (Essential	HI-28: locating information from an organizational feature of a book for a specific purpose. (Only in reference to a skill area.)	Non-Fiction
7.RL.6 (Literature) Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text. (Essential)		
7.RI.6 (Informational Text) Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.	HI-12: determining the author's stated or implied purpose (e.g., to inform, to persuade, to entertain).	Fiction/Non- Fiction

(Essential)	
7.RL.7 (Literature)	
Compare and contrast a written	
story, drama, or poem to its	
audio, filmed, staged, or	
multimedia version, analyzing	
the effects of techniques unique	
to each medium (e.g., lighting,	
sound, color, or camera focus	
and angles in a film).	
(Essential)	
7.RI.7 (Informational Text)	
Compare and contrast a text to	
an audio, video, or multimedia	
version of the text, analyzing	
each medium's portrayal of the	
subject (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of	
the words). (Essential)	
7.RL.8 (Literature)	
(Not applicable to literature)	
(constpanies of morning)	
7 DI O (Informational Toyt)	
7.RI.8 (Informational Text) Trace and evaluate the	
argument and specific claims	
in a text, assessing whether the	
reasoning is sound and the	
evidence is relevant and	
sufficient to support the claims.	
(Essential)	
7.RL.9 (Literature)	
Compare and contrast a	
fictional portrayal of a time,	
place, or character and a	
historical account of the same	
period as a means of	
understanding how authors of	
fiction use or alter history.	
(Essential) 7 P.I.9 (Informational Toyt)	
7.RI.9 (Informational Text) Analyze how two or more	
authors writing about the same	
audioio witting about the built	

topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts. (Essential)	
7.RL.10 (Literature)	
By the end of the year, read and	
comprehend literature,	
including stories, dramas, and	
poems, in the grades 6-8 text	
complexity band proficiently,	
with scaffolding as needed at	
the high end of the range.	
7.RI.10 (Informational Text)	
By the end of the year, read and	
comprehend literary nonfiction	
in the grades 6-8 text	
complexity band proficiently,	
with scaffolding as needed at	
the high end of the range.	